



# Configuring and Deploying HPE VPN Firewalls H3K71S

Learn to manage HPE VPN Firewalls in this 4-day hands-on instructor-led training.

<b>HPE course number</b>	H3K71S
<b>Course length</b>	4 days
<b>Delivery mode</b>	ILT
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## Audience

Network administrators, network architects, security consultants, and security systems engineer

## Course objectives

Upon successful completion of this course, you should be able to:

- Describe security zones and their relationship to Ethernet ports and network interfaces
  - Describe security zones and their relationship to Ethernet ports and network interfaces
  - Establish client and site-to-site VPNs
  - Configure firewall rules
  - Implement virtual firewalls
  - Use Intelligent Resilient Framework (IRF) and Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) in a high availability configuration
  - Interpret logs and statistics
  - Resolve common issue
- Describe firewall features of the HPE VPN Firewall family and its various deployment modes
  - Describe network security components and concepts

## Detailed course outline

<b>Module 1: Introduction</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Welcome to Configuring and Deploying HPE VPN Firewalls</li> <li>• Course Overview</li> <li>• Course Agenda—Day 1</li> <li>• Course Agenda—Day 2</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Course Agenda—Day 3</li> <li>• Course Agenda—Day 4</li> <li>• Prerequisite knowledge</li> <li>• Introductions</li> </ul>
<b>Module 2: Product Overview</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Objectives</li> <li>• Main product features</li> <li>• Virtual private network (VPN)</li> <li>• Secure management</li> <li>• Layer 3 routing capabilities</li> <li>• Additional security features</li> <li>• Firewall application at the enterprise egress</li> <li>• Firewall and VPN application for SMB</li> <li>• Firewall and VPN application for SOHO users</li> <li>• Firewall and VPN backup application for branch offices</li> <li>• HPE VPN firewall products</li> <li>• HPE VPN firewall appliances</li> <li>• HPE VPN FW appliances—Hardware and performance</li> <li>• HPE U200 Unified Threat Management (UTM) Appliance Series</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HPE U200 UTMs—Hardware and performance</li> <li>• HPE VPN firewall modules</li> <li>• HPE VPN FW modules: Performance</li> <li>• HPE 5820 VPN Firewall Module (JD255A)</li> <li>• 5820 module: Front panel</li> <li>• HPE 12500 VPN Firewall Module (JC635A)</li> <li>• HPE 10500/7500 Advanced VPN Firewall Module (JD249A)</li> <li>• HPE 9500 VPN Firewall Module (JD245A)</li> <li>• 12500/9500/7500 modules—Front panel</li> <li>• 12500/9500/7500 modules—Front panel</li> <li>• 12500/9500/7500 modules—LEDs</li> <li>• Network security overview—Parallel processing</li> <li>• Network security overview—Control Panel</li> <li>• Summary</li> </ul>
<b>Module 3: Security Features</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Objectives</li> <li>• Network security</li> <li>• Recommended firewall features</li> <li>• Isolation and access control: Example using DMZ</li> <li>• Interzone policies</li> <li>• ASPF process</li> <li>• Advantages of ASPF</li> <li>• Stateful packet inspection</li> <li>• TCP state inspection 2-9</li> <li>• Dynamic channel inspection</li> <li>• Application-level gateway (ALG)</li> <li>• Virtual firewall (VFW)</li> <li>• Traffic delivery to a VFW</li> <li>• VFW in MPLS VPN network</li> <li>• Network address translation (NAT)</li> <li>• NAT modes</li> <li>• NAT—DNS mapping</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NAT—FTP: Active mode, server located on Internet</li> <li>• Virtual private network (VPN)</li> <li>• GRE over IPsec VPN</li> <li>• IPsec and NAT (tunnel mode)</li> <li>• Attack prevention</li> <li>• Embedded anti-attack features</li> <li>• Enabling packet inspection</li> <li>• Web filtering</li> <li>• Enabling policy and configuring thresholds</li> <li>• High availability</li> <li>• ID authentication</li> <li>• Security management</li> <li>• Licensed UTM Services</li> <li>• Real-time anti-virus defense</li> <li>• Spam filtering</li> <li>• URL filtering</li> <li>• Summary</li> </ul>
<b>Module 4: Device Management Options</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Objectives</li> <li>• Management options</li> <li>• Command line interface (CLI)</li> <li>• Main CLI views</li> <li>• CLI access options</li> <li>• Debugging options</li> <li>• Preparing the VPN FW for login</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open Application Platform (OAP) module</li> <li>• Redirecting to the VPN FW module from host device</li> <li>• Resetting the OS of the VPN FW module</li> <li>• Web-based Network Management: Firewall</li> <li>• Management paths for FW module</li> <li>• Web-based Network Management: UTM</li> <li>• Summary</li> </ul>
<b>Module 5: File System Management</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Objectives</li> <li>• Files used by the firewall device</li> <li>• Configuration file types</li> <li>• Configuration file contents</li> <li>• Using the CLI to manage configuration files</li> <li>• Using the Web to save the configuration</li> <li>• Using the Web to back up the configuration</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Using the CLI to manage software</li> <li>• Using the Web to manage software</li> <li>• Adjusting the Web Idle Timeout</li> <li>• Using the BootWare menu to upgrade software</li> <li>• Summary</li> <li>• Lab Activity 4: Lab topology</li> <li>• Lab Activity 4 Debrief</li> </ul>

**Module 6: Security Zones and Interfaces**

- Objectives
- Security zones
- Security zone types
- Default security zones
- Security zone preference
- Security zone configuration
- Firewall interface
- Modifying interfaces
- Interface settings
- Creating a new interface
- Add a subinterface
- Virtual 10 Gigabit Ethernet interface (CLI view)
- Add an interface to a security zone: Choose zone
- Add an interface to a security zone: Choose interface
- DHCP server
- Create a dynamic IP address pool
- Static routing
- Summary
- Lab Activity 5: Lab topology
- Lab Activity Preview: Security zones and interfaces
- Lab Activity 5 Debrief

**Module 7: Firewall Configuration**

- Objectives
- Resources and resource groups
- Resource-oriented management
- Four address resource categories
- Create an IP address subnet resource
- Define starting address and wildcard mask
- Wildcard mask
- Service resources and groups
- Create a service group (1 of 3)
- Create a service group (2 of 3)
- Create a service group (3 of 3)
- Time Range resource
- Create a Time Range resource
- Access control list (ACL)
- ACL classification
- ACL match order
- Create an advanced ACL
- Define an ACL rule (1 of 2)
- Define an ACL rule (2 of 2)
- Interzone policies
- Create an interzone policy
- Choose source and destination zones
- Specify source and destination addresses
- Specify services or service groups
- Specify multiple services or service groups
- Exporting a firewall's resources
- Importing resources to another firewall
- Network address translation (NAT)
- NAT types
- Create a dynamic NAT (Easy IP) policy (1 of 2)
- Create a dynamic NAT (Easy IP) policy (2 of 2)
- Internal server
- Summary
- Lab Activity 6: Lab Topology
- Lab Activity Preview: Firewall configuration
- Lab Activity 6 Debrief

**Module 8: Virtual Private Networks (VPN)**

- Objectives
- VPN principles
- Virtual private network (VPN)
- Multiple VPN access methods
- IKE
- IKE operation
- IKE modes
- Functions of IKE in IPsec
- IKE overview
- IPsec overview (1 of 2)
- IPsec overview (2 of 2)
- IPsec concepts (1 of 3)
- IPsec concepts (2 of 3)
- IPsec concepts (3 of 3)
- IPsec encapsulation modes
- IPsec authentication algorithms
- IPsec encryption algorithms
- IPsec policy configuration
- IPsec configuration and monitoring tasks
- Site-to-site IPsec VPN configuration example
- FW1—London: ACLs (1 of 2)
- FW1—London: ACLs (2 of 2)
- FW2—Halifax: IKE and IPsec configuration
- FW2—Halifax: Apply policy
- Verify configuration
- View the IPsec security association (SA)
- View IPsec statistics
- CLI verification
- IPsec and NAT (1 of 2)
- IPsec and NAT (2 of 2)
- Lab activity 7-1: Lab topology
- Lab activity Preview: Site-to-site VPN
- Lab Activity 7-1 Debrief
- Virtual private dial-up network (VPDN)
- Typical L2TP application
- L2TP concepts (1 of 2)
- L2TP concepts (2 of 2)
- L2TP tunnel modes and tunnel establishment process
- L2TP configuration and monitoring tasks
- L2TP configuration example
- L2TP configuration: Adding an L2TP group
- L2TP configuration: Adding an ISP domain
- L2TP configuration: Adding a local user
- L2TP configuration: IMC iNode VPN client

- FW1—London: Static route
- FW1—London: IKE peer
- FW1—London: IKE proposal
- FW1—London: IPsec proposal
- FW1—London: IPsec policy
- FW1—London: Apply policy
- FW2—Halifax: Interface and ACLs
- L2TP configuration: Verification
- L2TP configuration: Verification from FW
- Summary
- Lab activity 7–2: Lab topology
- Lab Activity Preview: Client-to-site VPN
- Lab Activity 7–2 Debrief

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**Module 9: Virtual Firewalls**

- Objectives
- Virtual firewall (VFW)
- Virtual firewall features
- Virtual firewall application scenarios
- Virtual firewalls in routing mode
- Virtual firewalls in routing mode with shared zones
- Virtual firewalls in transparent mode
- Virtual firewall key features
- Configuring a virtual device.
- Creating a virtual device
- Adding an interface to a virtual device
- Adding VLANs to a virtual device
- Selecting a virtual device
- Virtual device configuration example
- Virtual device configuration—Network diagram
- Config example—Create virtual devices (1 of 2)
- Config example—Create virtual devices (2 of 2)
- Config example—Create virtual interfaces
- Config example—Add interfaces to virtual devices
- Config example—Add VLANs to virtual devices
- Config example—Create security zones
- Config example—Provide access to the FTP server
- Config example—Static NAT, Customer\_1
- Config example—Dynamic NAT, Customer\_1
- Config example—Check connectivity, Customer\_2
- Shared security zones
- Isolated security zones of virtual firewalls
- Routing mode deployment in a multitenant environment (1 of 3)
- Routing mode deployment in a multitenant environment (2 of 3)
- Routing mode deployment in a multitenant environment (3 of 3)
- Transparent mode deployment
- Transparent mode configuration (1 of 4)
- Transparent mode configuration (2 of 4)
- Transparent mode configuration (3 of 4)
- Transparent mode configuration (4 of 4)
- Summary
- Lab Activity 8: Lab topology
- Lab Activity Preview: Virtual firewalls
- Lab Activity 8 Debrief

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**Module 10: IRF Stacking, VRRP, and High Availability**

- Objectives
  - IRF advantages
  - IRF specifications
  - IRF topology
  - Increase port density and expand system processing capability
  - How IRF simplifies networks (1 of 2)
  - How IRF simplifies networks (2 of 2)
  - IRF master election
  - IRF member ID
  - Configuration files
  - Configuration steps (1 of 2)
  - Configuration steps (2 of 2)
  - Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)
  - VRRP master and backups
  - VRRP group
  - VRRP load balancing
  - VRRP priority and mode
  - VRRP tracking
  - VRRP configuration through the CLI (1 of 2)
  - VRRP configuration through the CLI (2 of 2)
  - VRRP configuration example through Web GUI (1 of 7)
  - VRRP configuration example through Web GUI (2 of 7)
  - VRRP configuration example through Web GUI (3 of 7)
  - VRRP configuration example through Web GUI (4 of 7)
  - VRRP configuration example through Web GUI (5 of 7)
  - VRRP configuration example through Web GUI (6 of 7)
  - VRRP configuration example through Web GUI (7 of 7)
  - VRRP
  - Configure VRRP
  - Configure stateful failover
  - Select backup interface(s)
  - Repeat configuration on the backup VPN FW
  - High availability and stateful failover configuration (1 of 3)
  - High availability and stateful failover configuration (2 of 3)
  - High availability and stateful failover configuration (3 of 3)
  - IRF stacking with 7500 chassis (1 of 5)
  - IRF stacking with 7500 chassis (2 of 5)
  - IRF stacking with 7500 chassis (3 of 5)
  - IRF stacking with 7500 chassis (4 of 5)
  - IRF stacking with 7500 chassis (5 of 5)
  - Summary
  - Lab Activity Preview: High availability and IRF stacking
  - Lab Activity 9 Debrief
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## Course data sheet

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### Module 11: Log Management and Reports

- Objectives
- Log management
- Syslog
- User logging
- Flow logging (1 of 2)
- Flow logging (2 of 2)
- Flow logging configuration items
- Flow logging statistics
- Session logging
- Log management—Session logging policy
- Session logging thresholds
- Log report
- System log report
- Interzone policy log report
- User log report
- Viewing logs on the VPN FW
- Summary

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### Module 12: Troubleshooting

- Objectives
  - Troubleshooting the system.xml file
  - Troubleshooting subinterfaces
  - Troubleshoot IRF (1 of 2)
  - Troubleshoot IRF (2 of 2)
  - Troubleshoot VRRP
  - Troubleshoot high availability
  - Summary
  - Training from HPE
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