



HPE 5830 TAA-compliant Switch Series



Key features

- Stackable, high-port density for high scalability
- Hewlett Packard Enterprise IRF technology for simpler two-tier networks
- Ultra deep (1 GB and 3 GB) packet buffers
- Full L2/L3 features, IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack
- Lower OpEx and greener data centers

Product overview

The HPE 5830 Switch Series is a family of high-density 1GbE top-of-rack data center and campus switches that are a part of Hewlett Packard Enterprise (HPE) FlexNetwork Architecture's HPE FlexFabric solution module. The two models, 5830AF-48G and 5830AF-96G switches, are ideally suited for deployments at the server access layer in medium-sized and large enterprise data centers and campus networks. The HPE 5830AF-48G switches deliver 48 1GbE ports and up to four 10GbE ports in a space-saving 1RU package, while the HPE 5830AF-96G switches provide an industry-leading 96 1GbE ports and up to 10 10GbE uplink ports in a 2RU form factor.

Features and benefits

Quality of Service (QoS)

- Traffic policing

Supports Committed Access Rate (CAR) and line rate

- Powerful QoS feature

Creates traffic classes based on access control lists (ACLs), IEEE 802.1p precedence, IP, DSCP, or Type of Service (ToS) precedence; supports filter, redirect, mirror, or remark; supports the following congestion actions: strict priority (SP) queuing, weighted round robin (WRR), weighted fair queuing (WFQ), weighted random early discard (WRED), SP+WRR, and SP+WFQ

Management

- sFlow (RFC 3176)

Provides scalable ASIC-based wire-speed network monitoring and accounting with no impact on network performance; this allows network operators to gather a variety of sophisticated network statistics and information for capacity planning and real-time network monitoring purposes

- Remote configuration and management

Enables configuration and management through a secure Web browser or a CLI located on a remote device

- Manager and operator privilege levels

Provides read-only (operator) and read/write (manager) access on CLI and Web browser management interfaces

- Management VLAN

Segments traffic to and from management interfaces, including CLI/telnet, a Web browser interface, and SNMP

- Multiple configuration files

Stores easily to the flash image

- Secure Web GUI

Provides a secure, easy-to-use graphical interface for configuring the module via HTTPS

- SNMPv1, v2c, and v3

Facilitates centralized discovery, monitoring, and secure management of networking devices

- Remote monitoring (RMON)

Uses standard SNMP to monitor essential network functions; supports events, alarm, history, and statistics group plus a private alarm extension group

- Network Time Protocol (NTP)

Synchronizes timekeeping among distributed time servers and clients; keeps timekeeping consistent among all clock-dependent devices within the network so that the devices can provide diverse applications based on the consistent time

- Out-of-band interface

Isolates management traffic from user data plane traffic for complete isolation and total reachability, no matter what happens in the data plane

- Remote intelligent mirroring

Mirrors ingress/egress ACL-selected traffic from a switch port or VLAN to a local or remote switch port anywhere on the network

Connectivity

- Jumbo frames

On Gigabit Ethernet and 10 Gigabit Ethernet ports, jumbo frames allow high-performance remote backup and disaster-recovery services

- Auto-MDIX

Adjusts automatically for straight-through or crossover cables on all 10/100/1000 ports

- IPv6 native support

- IPv6 host

Enables switches to be managed and deployed at the IPv6 network's edge

- Dual stack (IPv4 & IPv6)

Transitions from IPv4 to IPv6, supporting connectivity for both protocols

- Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping

IPv6 multicast traffic to the appropriate interface

- IPv6 ACL/QoS

Supports ACL and QoS for IPv6 network traffic, preventing traffic flooding

- IPv6 routing

Supports IPv6 static routes, RIP, BGP4+v6, IS-ISv6, and OSPF routing protocols

Performance

- Extraordinarily high port density

HPE 5830AF-96G switches are single box-type that can provide 96 1GbE ports and 10 10GbE ports simultaneously with full line-rate switching and forwarding

- Ultra deep packet buffering

Provides up to a 3 GB packet buffer to help eliminate network congestion at the I/O associated with heavy use of server virtualization, as well as bursty multimedia, storage applications, and other critical services

- Hardware-based wire-speed access control lists (ACLs)

Helps provide high levels of security and ease of administration without impacting network performance with a feature-rich TCAM-based ACL implementation

- Local Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)

ARP fast reply feature provides an outstanding utilization of air-interface resources by first issuing an ARP request locally before the AP broadcasts over the radio interface

Resiliency and high availability

- Device Link Detection Protocol (DLDP)

Monitors link connectivity and shuts down ports at both ends if unidirectional traffic is detected, preventing loops in STP-based networks

- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)

Allows groups of two routers to dynamically back each other up to create highly available routed environments

- Intelligent Resilient Framework (IRF)

Creates virtual resilient switching fabrics, where two or more switches perform as a single L2 switch and L3 router; switches do not have to be co-located and can be part of a disaster-recovery system; servers or switches can be attached using standard LACP for automatic load balancing and high availability; can help eliminate the need for complex protocols such as Spanning Tree Protocol, Equal-Cost Multipath (ECMP), or VRRP, thereby simplifying network operation

- Rapid Ring Protection Protocol (RRPP)

Connects multiple switches in a high-performance ring using standard Ethernet technology; traffic can be rerouted around the ring in less than 200 ms, reducing the impact on traffic and applications

- Smart link

Allows 200 ms failover between links

- Data center optimized design

Supports front-to-back or back-to-front airflow for hot/cold aisles, rear rack mounts, and redundant hot-swappable AC or DC power and fans

Manageability

- Troubleshooting

Ingress and egress port monitoring enable network problem solving

Layer 2 switching

- Spanning Tree/MSTP and RSTP

Prevents network loops

- Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) and Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) protocol snooping

Controls and manages the flooding of multicast packets in a Layer 2 network

- 32K MAC addresses

Provides access to many Layer 2 devices

- IEEE 802.1ad QinQ and selective QinQ

Increases the scalability of an Ethernet network by providing a hierarchical structure; connect multiple LANs on a high-speed campus or metro network

- 10GbE port aggregation

Allows grouping of ports to increase overall data throughput to a remote device

- Port isolation

Increases security by isolating ports within a VLAN while still allowing them to communicate with other VLANs

- Per-VLAN Spanning Tree Plus (PVST+)

Allows each VLAN to build a separate spanning tree to improve link bandwidth usage in network environments with multiple VLANs

- GVRP VLAN Registration Protocol

allows automatic learning and dynamic assignment of VLANs

Layer 3 services

- Loopback interface address
 - Defines an address in Routing Information Protocol (RIP) and Open Standard Path First (OSPF), improving diagnostic capability
- User Datagram Protocol (UDP) helper function
 - Allows UDP broadcasts to be directed across router interfaces to specific IP unicast or subnet broadcast addresses and prevents server spoofing for UDP services such as DHCP
- Route maps
 - Provides more control during route redistribution; allow filtering and altering of route metrics
- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)
 - Simplifies the management of large IP networks and supports client and server; DHCP Relay enables DHCP operation across subnets

Layer 3 routing

- IPv6 tunneling
 - Allows IPv6 packets to traverse IPv4-only networks by encapsulating the IPv6 packet into a standard IPv4 packet; supports manually configured, 6 to 4, and Intra-Site Automatic Tunnel Addressing Protocol (ISATAP) tunnels; is an important element for the transition from IPv4 to IPv6
- Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)
 - Enables link connectivity monitoring and reduces network convergence time for RIP, OSPF, BGP, IS-IS, VRRP, and IRF
- Policy-based routing
 - Makes routing decisions based on policies set by the network administrator
- IGMPv1, v2, and v3
 - Allows individual hosts to be registered on a particular VLAN
- PIM-SSM, PIM-DM, and PIM-SM (for IPv4 and IPv6)
 - Supports IP Multicast address management and inhibition of DoS attacks
- Layer 3 IPv4 routing
 - Provides routing of IPv4 at media speed; supports static routes, RIP and RIPv2, OSPF, IS-IS, and BGP
- Equal-Cost Multipath (ECMP)
 - Enables multiple equal-cost links in a routing environment to increase link redundancy and scale bandwidth
- Layer 3 IPv6 routing
 - Provides routing of IPv6 at media speed; supports static routes, RIPv6, OSPFv3, IS-ISv6, and MP-BGP

Security

- Access control lists (ACLs)
 - Provides IP Layer 3 filtering based on source/destination IP address/subnet and source/destination TCP/UDP port number
- Secure shell
 - Encrypts all transmitted data for secure remote CLI access over IP networks
- Port security
 - Allows access only to specified MAC addresses, which can be learned or specified by the administrator

- Secure FTP
 - Allows secure file transfer to and from the switch; protects against unwanted file downloads or unauthorized copying of a switch configuration file
- Secure management access
 - Delivers secure encryption of all access methods (CLI, GUI, or MIB) through SSHv2, SSL, and/or SNMPv3
- Identity-driven security and access control
 - Per-user ACLs
 - Permits or denies user access to specific network resources based on user identity, location, and time of day, allowing multiple types of users on the same network to access specific network services without risk to network security or unauthorized access to sensitive data
 - Automatic VLAN assignment
 - Assigns users automatically to the appropriate VLAN based on their identity and location, and the time of day
- STP BPDU port protection
 - Blocks Bridge Protocol Data Units (BPDUs) on ports that do not require BPDUs, preventing forged BPDU attacks
- DHCP protection
 - Blocks DHCP packets from unauthorized DHCP servers, preventing denial-of-service attacks
- Dynamic ARP protection
 - Blocks ARP broadcasts from unauthorized hosts, preventing eavesdropping or theft of network data
- STP root guard
 - Protects the root bridge from malicious attacks or configuration mistakes
- Guest VLAN
 - Provides a browser-based environment to authenticated clients that is similar to IEEE 802.1X
- MAC-based authentication
 - Allows or denies access to the switch based on a client MAC address
- IP source guard
 - Helps prevent IP spoofing attacks
- Endpoint Admission Defense (EAD)
 - Provides security policies to users accessing a network
- RADIUS/HWTACACS
 - Eases switch management security administration by using a password authentication server

Convergence

- IP multicast snooping (data-driven IGMP)
 - Prevents flooding of IP multicast traffic
- IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)
 - Facilitates easy mapping using network management applications with LLDP automated device discovery protocol

- Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)
Utilizes Any-Source Multicast (ASM) or Source-Specific Multicast (SSM) to manage IPv4 multicast networks; supports IGMPv1, v2, and v3
- Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM)
Defines modes of Internet IPv4 and IPv6 multicasting to allow one-to-many and many-to-many transmission of information; supports PIM Dense Mode (DM), Sparse Mode (SM), and Source-Specific Multicast (SSM)
- Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)
Allows multiple PIM-SM domains to interoperate; is used for inter-domain multicast applications
- Multicast Border Gateway Protocol (MBGP)
Allows multicast traffic to be forwarded across BGP networks and kept separate from unicast traffic
- Multicast VLAN
Allows multiple VLANs to receive the same IPv4 or IPv6 multicast traffic, lessening network bandwidth demand by reducing or helping eliminate multiple streams to each VLAN
- LLDP-MED
Is a standard extension that automatically configures network devices, including LLDP-capable IP phones
- LLDP-CDP compatibility
Receives and recognizes CDP packets from Cisco's IP phones for seamless interoperation

Monitor and diagnostics

- Port mirroring
Enables traffic on a port to be simultaneously sent to a network analyzer for monitoring
- OAM (IEEE 802.3ah)
Operations, administration, and maintenance (OAM) management capability detects data link layer problems that occur in the "last mile"; monitors the status of the link between the two devices
- CFD (IEEE 802.1ag)
Connectivity fault detection (CFD) provides a Layer 2 link OAM mechanism used for link connectivity detection and fault locating

Warranty and support

- 1-year warranty
See [hpe.com/networking/warrantysummary](https://www.hpe.com/networking/warrantysummary) for warranty and support information included with your product purchase.
- Software releases
To find software for your product, refer to [hpe.com/networking/support](https://www.hpe.com/networking/support); for details on the software releases available with your product purchase, refer to [hpe.com/networking/warrantysummary](https://www.hpe.com/networking/warrantysummary)

HPE 5830 TAA-compliant Switch Series



SPECIFICATIONS	HPE 5830AF-48G TAA-compliant Switch w/1 Interface Slot (JG316A)	HPE 5830AF-96G TAA-compliant Switch (JG374A)
I/O ports and slots	<p>48 RJ-45 autosensing 10/100/1000 ports (IEEE 802.3 Type 10BASE-T, IEEE 802.3u Type 100BASE-TX, IEEE 802.3ab Type 1000BASE-T); Duplex: 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX: half or full; 1000BASE-T: full only</p> <p>2 dual-personality ports; auto-sensing 10/100/1000Base-T or SFP</p> <p>2 fixed 1000/10000 SFP+ ports</p> <p>1 extended module slot</p>	<p>96 RJ-45 autosensing 10/100/1000 ports (IEEE 802.3 Type 10BASE-T, IEEE 802.3u Type 100BASE-TX, IEEE 802.3ab Type 1000BASE-T); Duplex: 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX: half or full; 1000BASE-T: full only</p> <p>10 fixed 1000/10000 SFP+ ports</p>
Additional ports and slots	<p>1 RJ-45 serial console port</p> <p>1 RJ-21 out-of-band management port</p>	<p>1 RJ-45 serial console port</p> <p>1 RJ-45 out-of-band management port</p>
Power supplies	<p>2 power supply slots</p> <p>1 minimum power supply required (ordered separately)</p>	<p>2 power supply slots</p> <p>1 minimum power supply required (ordered separately)</p>
Fan tray	<p>1 fan tray slot</p> <p>Base product does not include fan tray</p>	<p>1 fan tray slot</p> <p>Base product does not include fan tray</p>
Physical characteristics		
Dimensions	17.32(w) x 18.11(d) x 1.72(h) in (43.99 x 46 x 4.37 cm)	17.32(w) x 25.98(d) x 3.39(h) in (43.99 x 65.99 x 8.61 cm)
Weight	(1U height) 14.53 lb (6.59 kg)	31.75 lb (14.4 kg)
Memory and processor	64 MB flash, 1 GB SDRAM; packet buffer size: 1 GB	64 MB flash, 1 GB SDRAM; packet buffer size: 3 GB
Performance		
Throughput	119 Mpps (64-byte packets)	291.6 Mpps (64-byte packets)
Switching capacity	160 Gbps	392 Gbps
Routing table size	12000 entries (IPv4)	12000 entries (IPv4)
MAC address table size	32000 entries	32000 entries
Environment		
Operating temperature	32°F to 113°F (0°C to 45°C)	32°F to 113°F (0°C to 45°C)
Operating relative humidity	5% to 95%	5% to 95%
Acoustic	Low-speed fan: 58 dB, High-speed fan: 65 dB	Low-speed fan: 58 dB, High-speed fan: 65 dB
Electrical characteristics		
Frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Maximum heat dissipation	440 BTU/hr (464.2 kJ/hr)	1209 BTU/hr (1275.49 kJ/hr)
AC voltage	100 - 240 VAC	100 - 240 VAC
DC voltage	-40 to -60 VDC	-40 to -60 VDC
Safety	UL 60950-1; EN 60825-1 Safety of Laser Products-Part 1; EN 60825-2 Safety of Laser Products-Part 2; IEC 60950-1; CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1; Anatel; ULAR; GOST; EN 60950-1/A11; FDA 21 CFR Subchapter J; NOM; ROHS Compliance	UL 60950-1; EN 60825-1 Safety of Laser Products-Part 1; EN 60825-2 Safety of Laser Products-Part 2; IEC 60950-1; CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1; Anatel; ULAR; GOST; EN 60950-1/A11; FDA 21 CFR Subchapter J; NOM; ROHS Compliance

SPECIFICATIONS

HPE 5830AF-48G TAA-compliant Switch w/1 Interface Slot (JG316A)

HPE 5830AF-96G TAA-compliant Switch (JG374A)

Emissions

VCCI Class A; EN 55022 Class A; ICES-003 Class A; ETSI EN 300 386 V1.3.3; AS/NZS CISPR 22 Class A; EMC Directive 2004/108/EC; EN 55024:1998+ A1:2001 + A2:2003; FCC (CFR 47, Part 15) Subpart B Class A

VCCI Class A; EN 55022 Class A; ICES-003 Class A; ETSI EN 300 386 V1.3.3; AS/NZS CISPR 22 Class A; EMC Directive 2004/108/EC; EN 55024:1998+ A1:2001 + A2:2003; FCC (CFR 47, Part 15) Subpart B Class A

Immunity

Generic
EN
ESD
Radiated
EFT/Burst
Surge
Conducted
Power frequency magnetic field
Voltage dips and interruptions
Harmonics
Flicker

ETSI EN 300 386 V1.3.3
EN 55024:1998+ A1:2001 + A2:2003
EN 61000-4-2; IEC 61000-4-2
EN 61000-4-3; IEC 61000-4-3
EN 61000-4-4; IEC 61000-4-4
EN 61000-4-5; IEC 61000-4-5
EN 61000-4-6; IEC 61000-4-6
IEC 61000-4-8; IEC 61000-4-8
EN 61000-4-11; IEC 61000-4-11
EN 61000-3-2; IEC 61000-3-2
EN 61000-3-3; IEC 61000-3-3

ETSI EN 300 386 V1.3.3
EN 55024:1998+ A1:2001 + A2:2003
EN 61000-4-2; IEC 61000-4-2
EN 61000-4-3; IEC 61000-4-3
EN 61000-4-4; IEC 61000-4-4
EN 61000-4-5; IEC 61000-4-5
EN 61000-4-6; IEC 61000-4-6
IEC 61000-4-8; IEC 61000-4-8
EN 61000-4-11; IEC 61000-4-11
EN 61000-3-2; IEC 61000-3-2
EN 61000-3-3; IEC 61000-3-3

Management

IMC—Intelligent Management Center; command-line interface; Web browser; out-of-band management; SNMP Manager; Telnet; RMON1; FTP; IEEE 802.3 Ethernet MIB

IMC—Intelligent Management Center; command-line interface; Web browser; out-of-band management; SNMP Manager; Telnet; RMON1; FTP; IEEE 802.3 Ethernet MIB

Notes

Additional specifications
Static MAC table: 5120
Max VLAN interface: 1,000
Multicast L2 entries for IPv4: 2,000
Multicast L2 entries for IPv6: 1,000
Multicast L3 entries for IPv4: 2,000
Multicast L3 entries for IPv6: 1,000
VLAN table: 4,000
QoS forward queue number: 8
Static ARP number: 1,000
Dynamic ARP number: 8,000
MAX number in one link group: 8
Link group number: 128
ACL number: 4,000 (ingress); 512 (egress)

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Static MAC table: 5120
Max VLAN interface: 1,000
Multicast L2 entries for IPv4: 2,000
Multicast L2 entries for IPv6: 1,000
Multicast L3 entries for IPv4: 2,000
Multicast L3 entries for IPv6: 1,000
VLAN table: 4,000
QoS forward queue number: 8
Static ARP number: 1,000
Dynamic ARP number: 8,000
MAX number in one link group: 8
Link group number: 128
ACL number (GbE ports): 8,000 (ingress); 1,000 (egress)
ACL number (10GbE ports): 2,000 (ingress); 512 (egress)

Services

Refer to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website at hpe.com/networking/services for details on the service-level descriptions and product numbers. For details about services, and response times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packard Enterprise sales office.

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STANDARDS AND PROTOCOLS

(applies to all products in series)

BGP

RFC 1771 BGPv4
RFC 1772 Application of the BGP
RFC 1997 BGP Communities Attribute
RFC 1998 An Application of the BGP Community Attribute in Multi-home Routing
RFC 2385 BGP Session Protection via TCP MD5
RFC 2439 BGP Route Flap Damping
RFC 2796 BGP Route Reflection
RFC 2858 BGP-4 Multi-Protocol Extensions
RFC 2918 Route Refresh Capability

RFC 3065 Autonomous System Confederations for BGP
RFC 3392 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4
RFC 4271 A Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)
RFC 4272 BGP Security Vulnerabilities Analysis
RFC 4273 Definitions of Managed Objects for BGP-4
RFC 4274 BGP-4 Protocol Analysis
RFC 4275 BGP-4 MIB Implementation Survey

RFC 4276 BGP-4 Implementation Report
RFC 4277 Experience with the BGP-4 Protocol
RFC 4360 BGP Extended Communities Attribute
RFC 4456 BGP Route Reflection: An Alternative to Full Mesh Internal BGP (IBGP)
RFC 5291 Outbound Route Filtering Capability for BGP-4
RFC 5292 Address-Prefix-Based Outbound Route Filter for BGP-4

Denial of service protection

RFC 2267 Network Ingress Filtering

Automatic filtering of well-known denial-of-service packets

CPU DoS Protection
Rate Limiting by ACLs

STANDARDS AND PROTOCOLS

(applies to all products in series)

Device management	RFC 1157 SNMPv1/v2c RFC 1305 NTPv3 RFC 1902 (SNMPv2) RFC 2579 (SMIPv2 Text Conventions)	RFC 2580 (SMIPv2 Conformance) RFC 2819 (RMON groups Alarm, Event, History and Statistics only) HTTP, SSHv1, and Telnet Multiple Configuration Files	Multiple Software Images SSHv1/SSHv2 Secure Shell TACACS/TACACS+ Web UI
General protocols	IEEE 802.1ad Q-in-Q IEEE 802.1ag Service Layer OAM IEEE 802.1p Priority IEEE 802.1Q VLANs IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Trees IEEE 802.1w Rapid Reconfiguration of Spanning Tree IEEE 802.1X PAE IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T IEEE 802.3ac (VLAN Tagging Extension) IEEE 802.3ad Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) IEEE 802.3ae 10-Gigabit Ethernet IEEE 802.3at IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-X IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X RFC 768 UDP RFC 783 TFTP Protocol (revision 2) RFC 791 IP RFC 792 ICMP RFC 793 TCP RFC 826 ARP RFC 854 TELNET RFC 894 IP over Ethernet RFC 903 RARP RFC 906 TFTP Bootstrap RFC 925 Multi-LAN Address Resolution RFC 950 Internet Standard Subnetting Procedure RFC 951 BOOTP	RFC 959 File Transfer Protocol (FTP) RFC 1027 Proxy ARP RFC 1035 Domain Implementation and Specification RFC 1042 IP Datagrams RFC 1058 RIPv1 RFC 1142 OSI IS-IS Intra-domain Routing Protocol RFC 1213 Management Information Base for Network Management of TCP/IP-based internets RFC 1256 ICMP Router Discovery Protocol (IRDP) RFC 1293 Inverse Address Resolution Protocol RFC 1305 NTPv3 RFC 1350 TFTP Protocol (revision 2) RFC 1393 Traceroute Using an IP Option RFC 1519 CIDR RFC 1531 Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol RFC 1533 DHCP Options and BOOTP Vendor Extensions RFC 1591 DNS (client only) RFC 1624 Incremental Internet Checksum RFC 1701 Generic Routing Encapsulation RFC 1721 RIP-2 Analysis RFC 1723 RIP v2 RFC 1812 IPv4 Routing RFC 2091 Trigger RIP RFC 2131 DHCP RFC 2138 Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS)	RFC 2453 RIPv2 RFC 2644 Directed Broadcast Control RFC 2763 Dynamic Name-to-System ID mapping RFC 2784 Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) RFC 2865 Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS) RFC 2966 Domain-wide Prefix Distribution with Two-Level IS-IS RFC 2973 IS-IS Mesh Groups RFC 3277 IS-IS Transient Blackhole Avoidance RFC 3567 Intermediate System to Intermediate System (IS-IS) Cryptographic Authentication RFC 3719 Recommendations for Interoperable Networks using Intermediate System to Intermediate System (IS-IS) RFC 3784 ISIS TE support RFC 3786 Extending the Number of IS-IS LSP Fragments Beyond the 256 Limit RFC 3787 Recommendations for Interoperable IP Networks using Intermediate System to Intermediate System (IS-IS) RFC 3847 Restart signaling for IS-IS RFC 4251 The Secure Shell (SSH) Protocol Architecture RFC 5130 A Policy Control Mechanism in IS-IS Using Administrative Tags
IP multicast	RFC 2236 IGMPv2 RFC 2283 Multiprotocol Extensions for BGP-4 RFC 2362 PIM Sparse Mode (Premium Edge License) RFC 3376 IGMPv3 RFC 3446 Anycast Rendezvous Point (RP) mechanism using Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) and Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)	RFC 3618 Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) RFC 3973 PIM Dense Mode RFC 4541 Considerations for Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) and Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) Snooping Switches RFC 4601 Draft 10 PIM Sparse Mode	RFC 4604 Using Internet Group Management Protocol Version 3 (IGMPv3) and Multicast Listener Discovery Protocol Version 2 (MLDv2) for Source-Specific Multicast RFC 4605 IGMP/MLD Proxying RFC 4607 Source-Specific Multicast for IP RFC 4610 Anycast-RP Using Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) RFC 5059 Bootstrap Router (BSR) Mechanism for Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM)
IPv6	RFC 1886 DNS Extension for IPv6 RFC 1887 IPv6 Unicast Address Allocation Architecture RFC 1981 IPv6 Path MTU Discovery RFC 2080 RIPng for IPv6 RFC 2081 RIPng Protocol Applicability Statement RFC 2292 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC 2373 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC 2375 IPv6 Multicast Address Assignments RFC 2460 IPv6 Specification RFC 2461 IPv6 Neighbor Discovery RFC 2462 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-configuration	RFC 2463 ICMPv6 RFC 2464 Transmission of IPv6 over Ethernet Networks RFC 2473 Generic Packet Tunneling in IPv6 RFC 2526 Reserved IPv6 Subnet Anycast Addresses RFC 2529 Transmission of IPv6 Packets over IPv4 RFC 2545 Use of MP-BGP-4 for IPv6 RFC 2553 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC 2710 Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 RFC 2740 OSPFv3 for IPv6 RFC 2767 Dual stacks IPv4 & IPv6	RFC 2893 Transition Mechanisms for IPv6 Hosts and Routers RFC 3056 Connection of IPv6 Domains via IPv4 Clouds RFC 3307 IPv6 Multicast Address Allocation RFC 3315 DHCPv6 (client and relay) RFC 3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC 3736 Stateless Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Service for IPv6 RFC 3810 MLDv2 for IPv6 RFC 4214 Intra-Site Automatic Tunnel Addressing Protocol (ISATAP)

STANDARDS AND PROTOCOLS

(applies to all products in series)

MIBs	RFC 1156 (TCP/IP MIB) RFC 1157 A Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) RFC 1213 MIB II RFC 1215 A Convention for Defining Traps for use with the SNMP RFC 1229 Interface MIB Extensions RFC 1493 Bridge MIB RFC 1573 SNMP MIB II RFC 1643 Ethernet MIB RFC 1657 BGP-4 MIB RFC 1724 RIPv2 MIB RFC 1757 Remote Network Monitoring MIB RFC 1850 OSPFv2 MIB RFC 1907 SNMPv2 MIB RFC 2011 SNMPv2 MIB for IP RFC 2012 SNMPv2 MIB for TCP RFC 2013 SNMPv2 MIB for UDP	RFC 2096 IP Forwarding Table MIB RFC 2233 Interface MIB RFC 2452 IPv6-TCP-MIB RFC 2454 IPv6-UDP-MIB RFC 2465 IPv6 MIB RFC 2466 ICMPv6 MIB RFC 2571 SNMP Framework MIB RFC 2572 SNMP-MPD MIB RFC 2573 SNMP-Target MIB RFC 2578 Structure of Management Information Version 2 (SMIv2) RFC 2580 Conformance Statements for SMIv2 RFC 2618 RADIUS Client MIB RFC 2620 RADIUS Accounting MIB RFC 2665 Ethernet-Like-MIB RFC 2668 802.3 MAU MIB RFC 2674 802.1p and IEEE 802.1Q Bridge MIB	RFC 2787 VRRP MIB RFC 2819 RMON MIB RFC 2925 Ping MIB RFC 2932IP (Multicast Routing MIB) RFC 2933 IGMP MIB RFC 2934 Protocol Independent Multicast MIB for IPv4 RFC 3414 SNMP-User based-SM MIB RFC 3415 SNMP-View based-ACM MIB RFC 3417 Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) over IEEE 802 Networks RFC 3418 MIB for SNMPv3 RFC 3595 Textual Conventions for IPv6 Flow Label RFC 3826 AES for SNMP's USM MIB RFC 4133 Entity MIB (Version 3) RFC 4444 Management Information Base for Intermediate System to Intermediate System (IS-IS)
Network management	IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) RFC 1155 Structure of Management Information RFC 1157 SNMPv1 RFC 1448 Protocol Operations for version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)	RFC 2211 Controlled-Load Network RFC 2819 Four groups of RMON: 1 (statistics), 2 (history), 3 (alarm) and 9 (events) RFC 3176 sFlow RFC 3411 SNMP Management Frameworks	RFC 3412 SNMPv3 Message Processing RFC 3414 SNMPv3 User-based Security Model (USM) RFC 3415 SNMPv3 View-based Access Control Model (VACM) ANSI/TIA-1057 LLDP Media Endpoint Discovery (LLDP-MED)
OSPF	RFC 1245 OSPF protocol analysis RFC 1246 Experience with OSPF RFC 1765 OSPF Database Overflow RFC 1850 OSPFv2 Management Information Base (MIB), traps RFC 2154 OSPF w/ Digital Signatures (Password, MD-5) RFC 2328 OSPFv2 RFC 2370 OSPF Opaque LSA Option	RFC 3101 OSPF NSSA RFC 3137 OSPF Stub Router Advertisement RFC 3630 Traffic Engineering Extensions to OSPF Version 2 RFC 4061 Benchmarking Basic OSPF Single Router Control Plane Convergence RFC 4062 OSPF Benchmarking Terminology and Concepts	RFC 4063 Considerations When Using Basic OSPF Convergence Benchmarks RFC 4422 Prioritized Treatment of Specific OSPF Version 2 Packets and Congestion Avoidance RFC 4811 OSPF Out-of-Band LSDB Resynchronization RFC 4812 OSPF Restart Signaling RFC 4813 OSPF Link-Local Signaling RFC 4940 IANA Considerations for OSPF
QoS/CoS	IEEE 802.1P (CoS) RFC 1349 Type of Service in the Internet Protocol Suite	RFC 2211 Specification of the Controlled-Load Network Element Service RFC 2212 Guaranteed Quality of Service RFC 2474 DSCP DiffServ	RFC 2475 DiffServ Architecture RFC 2597 DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF) RFC 2598 DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)
Security	IEEE 802.1X Port Based Network Access Control RFC 1321 The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm RFC 1334 PPP Authentication Protocols (PAP) RFC 1492 An Access Control Protocol, Sometimes Called TACACS RFC 1994 PPP Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP)	RFC 2082 RIP-2 MD5 Authentication RFC 2104 Keyed-Hashing for Message Authentication RFC 2408 Internet Security Association and Key Management Protocol (ISAKMP) RFC 2409 The Internet Key Exchange (IKE) RFC 2716 PPP EAP TLS Authentication Protocol RFC 2865 RADIUS Authentication RFC 2866 RADIUS Accounting	RFC 2867 RADIUS Accounting Modifications for Tunnel Protocol Support RFC 2868 RADIUS Attributes for Tunnel Protocol Support RFC 2869 RADIUS Extensions Access Control Lists (ACLs) Guest VLAN for 802.1x MAC Authentication Port Security SSHv1/SSHv2 Secure Shell

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Power Supply	<p>HPE 58x0AF 650W AC Power Supply (JC680A) HPE 58x0AF 650W DC Power Supply (JC681A)</p>
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